THEORETICAL FUNDAMENTALS OF CONCEPT FORMATION «SOCIO-ECONOMIC CRISIS»

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Key words: crisis, system crisis, socio-economic crisis, crisis of socio-economic system, classification of crises, analysis of content.

The basis of the research methodology was a systematic approach. In the process of research, general and specific scientific methods were used, namely: abstraction (to determine the essence of socio-economic crises and justifications for the application of certain classification features); analysis (to study the content of the concepts “crisis”, “crisis of the system”, “crisis of the socio-economic system”); synthesis (to clarify the wording of the concepts “crisis of the socio-economic system” and “socio-economic crisis”).

The dual understanding (dynamic and static) of the essence of the crisis in the socio-economic sphere is revealed by the results of the analysis of the content of the concepts “crisis”, “system crisis”, “socio-economic crisis” as a whole and by individual components. The concept of “socio-economic crisis” is defined as dynamic, the formulation of which is specified as changes, a turning point in the course of socio-economic processes that lead to the destabilization of the relevant socio-economic systems. The concept of “crisis of the socio-economic system” is defined as static, which is formulated as the deterioration of its condition, which is determined by the destabilization of socio-economic processes and can lead to the destruction of the system itself. These concepts are related by basic economic categories, but are not identical due to differences in the group of basic empirical objects. A critical assessment of existing crisis classification systems in socio-economic processes and identified inconsistencies in the content of relevant concepts. The ways of development of classification and typology of socio-economic crises and crises of socio-economic systems are outlined.

Theoretical principles of assessing the content and typology of crises in socio-economic processes by further clarifying the concepts of “socio-economic crisis” and “crisis of socio-economic system” based on the analysis of the etymology of the original concepts and content of their components, which allows to develop methodological basis for qualitative assessment of socio-economic crises based on a systems approach.

The obtained results will help to improve the process of assessing the sources and mechanisms of current economic crises, both cyclical and non-cyclical.

References

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