

ABSTRACTS

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ABOUT THE INFLUENCE OF PROPORTIONALITY AND QUASIPROPORTIONALITY ON THE BENEFITS DISTRIBUTION AND ON THE RESULTS OF ECONOMIC CALCULATIONS

Aristotle's fundamental idea about the fairness of the proportional distribution of wealth is for now the conceptual basis for the formation of the majority of the humanity about economic equality during distribution of the benefits.

The author's discovery and study the effect of G-hyperbolism revealed that there are some proportions which are reflecting the proportionality and there are proportions which are reflecting the quasiproportionality. The quasiproportionality reflects the proportions, which are formed from quasi-two-dimensional relative showings: increment rates, growth rates, growth indexes, percentages, financial coefficients, exchange rates, etc.

Substitution of the proportionality by the quasiproportionality does not allow implementing the fairness and gives rise to a mass unfairness in relation to the disproportionate distribution of wealth between the subjects of the economic relationships.

Using the quasiproportionality instead of proportionality in economics leads to a disproportionate distribution of wealth, more and more inequality growing between rich and the poor, appearing of the economic disproportions, as well as increasing debt, which corresponds with geometrical progression and causes periodical local and global financial crises.

Quasi-two-dimensional relative showings and measurers reproduce in the economics economical inequalities and disproportions, similar to the DNA codes in the nature.

In turn, the conscious using of the quasiproportionality instead of proportionality allows managing purposefully by the results of the calculations and receiving larger or smaller results in absolute values.