

ABSTRACTS

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MACROECONOMIC PROPORTIONS IN THE VISEGRAD COUNTRIES AND UKRAINE: COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

The article is devoted to the research of macro-economic proportions in the Visegrad countries and Ukraine. There are two macroeconomic models: production oriented and consumption oriented. The advantages and disadvantages of each this model were identified. Typical representatives of these models were respectively the Czech and Polish economy. Macroeconomic models of Hungary and Slovakia may be classified as mixed. Ukrainian macroeconomic model can be defined as an eclectic, which has absorbed the mainly negative aspects of two models. Based on this analysis the strategic orientation of macro-economic reforms in Ukraine was defined.

Examination of the macroeconomic conditions in the Visegrad countries allows offering the following macroeconomic problems as landmarks:

– take a consumption oriented model as a base. The production oriented model will immediately cause zero tolerance by the society and can provoke the social conflicts. But it is necessary to decrease the share of the consumer spending in GDP. It is necessary to cultivate a social opinion that we have to live using only those facilities, which our country has;

– limit uncritical import in the country, substituting it by domestic production. This will allow, on the one hand, perfect trade and payment balance, forming gold and foreign currency reserves, and on other hand, it will create the additional jobs in the country and eliminate the problem of unemployment;

– orientation of both domestic and foreign investment on finding solutions to the reindustrialization problems. It is a very difficult question, but solving the macroeconomic problems, problems of saturation of the domestic market, reduction of unemployment and increase in the export only at the expense of the service industry is impossible. Our country needs real investments in agriculture and industry for passing a pre-industrial stage of the development and preparing the premises for the following transition to the post-industrial society.