

## ABSTRACTS

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### **CLUSTERING AS FOR EXAMPLE ANTI-CRISIS STRATEGY ECONOMICS DEVELOPMENT**

World and domestic experience shows the row of advantages of the production systems on the basis of cluster model which provides combination in the production of competition with co-operation, personifies «collective efficiency», creates «flexible specialization». The modern stage of development of world economy makes the actual the innovative constituent of economic development as pre-condition of his dynamic and competitiveness. It is acknowledged that acquire exceptionally considerable weight factors which stimulate distribution of new technologies: co-operation between science, education, financing, strategy of government, and also forming of networks of intercommunications between firms and flexible specialization. It allowed to define the cluster of innovative activity as aggregate of base innovations, concentrated on the certain span of time and in certain economic space.

Taking into account understanding of clusters as a perspective innovative form of local and regional economic development deem it wise initiator of process of their creation to lay on the proper organs of local and regional power. To the number of directions of public industrial cluster policy, which can be realized, must belong: an exposure and monitoring of situation of development of industrial clusters is at territorial level, financing of analytical researches of prospects of development of cluster at the oversea market, forming of of communication grounds for the potential participants of territorial clusters, assistance consolidation of participants of cluster, realization of educational policy, concerted with the basic representatives of cluster, providing of possibility of communication, co-operations of enterprises and educational establishments.