

ABSTRACTS

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L. Bukharina

THE PROCESS OF MANAGEMENT AND SELF-ORGANISATION OF REGIONAL SOCIO-ECONOMIC SYSTEM

A transformation of management paradigm requires imperative consideration of regional characteristics determinants and actualization of strategic management research in mesoeconomic context. Investigation of the processes of management and self-organization of regional socio-economic systems

for the purpose of determining their common patterns of evaluation is grounded. This makes it possible to form a scientific basis to improve the methodology of strategic management of regional socio-economic systems.

The effect of synergy, which takes place in addition is a significant factor for the intensification of reproductive processes and has a chance to ensure the increase of regional production, to attract free resources and to improve the quality of life and social stability in the region in a short time and for relatively not high expenses. There are two types of strategies according to the characteristics of self-organizing systems. The first type is focused on the evolutionary development, the second type is revolutionary. The last type of self-organization amends the quality of structure and changes the allocation of responsibilities in the regional socio-economic system.

Conditions for the emergence of self-organization include: the availability of the necessary environment with a large number of interacting elements; openness of the system for access of energy and resources, which is required for changing conditions of system's elements; information isolation of the system.

Thus, the evaluation of socio-economic systems, like other complex systems, is also in progress as a result of self-organization processes, which include periodic variable destruction of the old and new structures.