УДК 339.9

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FORMING PARTICULARITIES OF THE WHOLE EDUCATIONAL SPACE OF THE MEMBER COUNTRIES OF THE CUSTOM UNION

Under the Customs Union issues the assembly of state business organizations, government, export-oriented enterprises states – members of the Customs Union of highly qualified professionals with specialized education more relevant than ever. Providing highly qualified companies identified a significant increase in the challenges associated with the introduction of a number of laws and regulations, new market trends and changing conditions of work in connection with the formation of the Common Economic Space and Customs Union.

Modern higher education must respond to the challenges of the Customs Union and the Common Economic Space: we must prevent many problems that contribute to the progress of society and lead to a better and higher quality of life. Today, the problem is that the pace of technology development and the most social and economic life are commensurate with the rate of knowledge transfer. In a period of rapid technological innovation as well as social order education system must grow faster than the economictechnical sphere. This pattern of education system development should be the educational policy of any state today. Its observation guarantees the proportional development of the different interrelated and interdependent parts of society.

One of the conditions of the innovative development of higher school of the Customs Union is to have a systematical policy in education, research and innovation, which determines the goal, the trajectory of development of these areas, the resources required to achieve the objectives and mechanisms of control. Good indicators of the Customs Union's countries in the field of education in the international arena should be used to enhance and expand international cooperation to establish a common educational space within the vehicle, as well as to deepen the relationship with the European Union and other countries in the field of education.

In the framework of the Customs Union the member states need to develop common standards for education, pay attention to the harmonization of training, also prepare "narrow" specialists who are needed not only in the framework of the organization, but can be exported outside the Customs Union to increase the prestige of the association.